

Classes 10. Visualization in Wolfram Alpha (plots for 2D and 3D Functions)

Do the following exercises with Wolfram Alpha program .

Exercises

Exercise 1. How to draw in the Wolfram Alpha:

- parabola;
- hyperbole;
- circle;
- ellipse;
- ball;
- second butterfly curve;
- Archimedean spiral;
- pentagon;
- ellipsoid;
- cube;
- pyramid;
- cylinder;
- icosahedron;
- vector field $(x, -y)$.

Exercise 2. Draw a graph of the function:

1. $F(x, y) = x \times y^2$, where $-2 \leq x \leq 2$, $-3 \leq y \leq 3$;
2. $F(x, y) = x^3 - y^3 + 1$, where $-2.5 \leq x \leq 2.5$, $-2 \leq y \leq 2$;
3. $F(a) = \{\cos a, \sin a, \frac{a}{2}\}$, where $-2 \text{ Pi} \leq a \leq 2 \text{ Pi}$;
4. $F(u, v) = \{\cos u \sin v, \sin u \sin v, \cos v\}$, where $-2 \text{ Pi} \leq u \leq 2 \text{ Pi}$, $\text{Pi} \leq v \leq 2 \text{ Pi}$;
5. $F(u, v) = \{4 + (3 + \cos v) \sin u, 4 + (3 + \cos v) \cos u, 4 + \sin v\}$,

where $0 \leq u \leq 2 \text{ Pi}$, $0 \leq v \leq 2 \text{ Pi}$.

Exercise 3.

a) Calculate the value of the function

$$\cos \frac{\pi}{12}, \cos \frac{\pi}{8}, \cos \frac{\pi}{4}, \cos \frac{\pi}{3}, \cos \frac{\pi}{2}, \cos \pi, \ln e^{2.5}, \operatorname{arctg} \sqrt{3}$$

and draw the appropriate points on the plane. Help: $(1, \cos \frac{\pi}{12})$ and so on.

b) Draw a broken line:

$$(1, \frac{1}{2}), (2, -\frac{1}{3}), (3, \frac{1}{4}), (4, -\frac{1}{5}), (5, \frac{1}{6}), (6, -\frac{1}{7}), (7, \frac{1}{8}), (8, -\frac{1}{9}), (9, \frac{1}{10}).$$

c) Calculate the area between curves $y = x^4 - 12$ and $y = x^2$. Make a geometric interpretation.

d) Calculate the coordinates (12 significant digits) of the intersection point of the curves

$$x^3 + y^2 = 1, x = y^{-1}.$$

e) Calculate an area that satisfy two inequalities

$$x^4 + y^2 < 5, \sin y > 10x.$$